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## REVIEW

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## BRITISH NATION.

Thursday, September 14. 1710.

êt'en ma Poche, my Record's in my Wallet

Behold it

The Humble Address of the Boot London, and the Clergy of London and Wessminster.

We can no longer be innocently filent, fince the Acknowledgment of your Majesty's HEREDITAKI Title, and IRRESI-STIBLE Authority, is openly and boldly Represented, as a Declaration in Favour of the Pretender.

To Explain what they mean by Here ditary Title, they add.

We Acknowledge the Illustrious House of Hannover as the next Heir in the PROTESTANT LINE — (Mark it, not the next Heir in a Lineal Descent, ergo not Literally Hereditary,) to have the only Right of Ascending to the Throne, and Indisputable Title to our Allegiance.

Now lest any Man should return upon them, and say, Pray my Lord, and pray Reverend Fathers, How comes the Right of Ascending to the Throne, to be in the Islustrious House of Hannover? Since allowing the Pretender to be no Body, Attainted and Dead in Law, yet Hereditary Right, Literally understood by a Direct Line, goes quite another Way, and the Houses of Savoy, Orleans, Conde, and Modena, are before them? The Reverend Clergy Anticipate this Objection, explain themselves very well in the next Paragraph; see the Address again;

We thank God from the Bottom of our Hearts, for the Legal Provisions in this regard, made to secure us from Popery.

I gave you once, a short Dialogue between two Friendly Gentlemen, tho' of differing Opinions in these Things; whether they were Relations or no, is not material, but they call'd Cousins, one Tory, t'other Whig.

Pray will you hear them Dialogue a little upon this very particular, of the Legal Provisions, &c. nam'd in the Address; pernaps this (hort Dialogue may set us to

Rights a little in this Cafe.

M. Tory. Pray, Coufin Whig, How were thefe

Provisions made up?

Wbig. By Parliament; Coufin, or else they could not be call'd Legal; for no Power in Britain, Censin, can make Laws, but the Parliament.

T. But, Coufin Whig, What are these Le-

gal Provisions made for ?

W. Truly, Coufin Tory, for nothing but to fecure us from Popery and Arbitrary Power.

T. How do these Legal Provisions secure

us from Popery, Coutin?

W. By excluding all the Popish Families of the Royal House, and even the House of Hannover itself, unless Protestant, (vide) the Act of Settlement, Cousin, 1. William and Mary, cap. 6.

T. But Hark ye, Coufin Whig, How do

they secure us from Arbitrary Power?

W. Very well, Coulin Tory, by making it Lawful for the Subjects Vigoroully to Relift and withfland it.

7. Have a care what you fay, Coufin, how does it appear 'tis Lawful for the Subject to

wirhstand Arbitrary Power?

W. What need I be cautious in that, Coutin? When the Clergy of London and Westminster, thank God from the Bottom of their Hearts, that they did Vigorously and Successfully withstand it, and engage themselves to do it again upon all Occasions; and we cannot suggest, Cousin, they would thank God for doing an unlawful Action, or Engage to persist in a Thing, that was not Lawful for them to do.

7. But, Cousin Whig, this may be only a few of the Clergy, Differting from the

reff.

W. They shall answer for that themselves, Cousin Tory, in their Address; see the last Paragraph but one.

This we are firmly perfuaded, is the Unanimous Sense and Resoulation of the Clergy, not only of these Cities, but of the WHOLR KINGDOM, as we doubt not will appear to your Majelly, when ever they have an Opportunity of expressing it in Convocation.

T. How does this agree with Dr. Sacheverell's Sermon, Coufin, and the Illegallity of Reliftance on any pretence whatfoever?

W. It is directly contrary and opposite; and either they have given up the Conftitution, or the Dector has Notoriously Infulted it.

T. How does it agree with Mr. Luke Milburn's Sermon, Cousin, Of the Odeasures of Submission, Preach'd and Printed, and Extreamly approv'd?

H.

W. You mean. Coulin, approve by a Party, and as some say, especially so by himself.

7. Well, suppose that, if he did not approve it himself, he ought not to have Preach'd it; but how does it agree with this

W. Truly, Coufin, if I may speak my Thoughts, the Address quite overthrows the Sermon, or the Sermon exposes the Ad-

T. Was Mr. Milbourn's Hand to this Ad-

dress, Coufin?

W. There are some Creditable Witnesses

who fay it was, Coufio.

T. But did he own it? For, Coulin Whig, your Testimony may be Whigs, and that

cannot pals in the Cale.

W. He attended at the presenting it, Coufin Tory, as one of the Clergy Addressing, and kils'd her Majesty's Hand as such, each of them Acts of Recognition to the Con-

T. How then must his Sermon and the

Address be read together?

W. As Milbourn against Luke, and Luke against Milbourn, or Luke Milbourn Addreiling the Queen, against Luke Milbourn Preaching to his People - In the first Capacity, he is pleas'd to tell the People the Sovereign must not be RESISTED, no not in Case of Tyranny and Oppression, vide the Sermon - In the laft, to tell the Queen he had Vigoroufly withflood his Sovereign's Arbitrary Power, and would again, if there was Occasion for it.

T. But, CousinWbig, how do you know but

these two may be Reconcil'd?

W. Indeed, Coufin Tory, it must be left to Mr. Milbourn himself to do it then, to all Mackind besides it will be impractica-

7. But are the Clergy then come in to that D-d Whiggish Doctrine of Resi-Rance of Princes, Coulin? Sure you won't

presend to that Coufin?

W. Most undoubtedly they are ; and why not honeftly protessit, as well as honeftly

practife it, Coufin?
T. Why then you would make our Clergy be all turn'd Whigs, Damn'd Whigs! Coufin, Damn'd Wbigs!

W. Who can help it, Confin ? If it muft be so, it must be so; better turn Whigs than worse, Coufin Tory.

T. It must not be.

W. Bring them off of it if you can, Cou-

T. I wish they had never begun these Addresses-

W. So do I too, Coufin, but who can help it now?

T. They never figuify'd much.

W. I differ from you, if they have brought the Clergy to be all Whigs, Coufin, I think they have fignify'd a great deal.

T. Why, a Whig's a R-e. Coufin. except always the Man we talk to.

W. Have a Care what you fay, Coulin, if the Clergy are all come in.

T. Goodh'w'y Coz. Fare-you well, Coufin.

Well, Gentlemen, can any of you blame the Author of this Paper for faying, the Migisters of State if they came into the Administration of the Queen's Affairs . must become all Whigs? -- Is it not very visible, the very Clergy, if they come but to talk the Language of the Constitution, must speak all in the Whig-Tongue; no other Language can express Loyalty to a Parliamentary Constitution, but a Revolution Stile? -- If you talk Tory-Language, no Body can make any thing of it - The Alphabet denies its Ashfrance, you cannot Coin Words to express your selves in-

If you will come to a Protestant Queen. and Address her Majesty about the Protefant Religion, you must not talk Popery If you Come to a Queen, Establish'd by Parliamentary Recognition, you mn! not talk the horrid Jargon of Tyrants to her, her Majesty will not understand you, nay, you will speak in an unknown Tongue to the whole Nation - If you speak to be understood, you must speak as the Clergy do, of Legal Provisions against Popery, Vigorously withstanding Arbitrary Power, and the hat, there can no other Language be

understood here.

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## ADVERTISEMENTS.

7HEREAS Many Persons, that some Months or perhaps Years paft, had the Misfortune to get the first Degree of the Venereal Disease, and have still remaining upon them, a small Weakness, altho' the Malignity and other Symptoms of the aforesaid Distemper are perfeally overcome and eradicated; which Weakness is very dangerous, and if not perfectly flopt. certainly ruins the Conffitution, and proves of dreadful Consequence to the unhappy Patients; and that it is very difficult to be entirely cur'd, and feldom is taken off by many of the Practitioners in the said Disease, (tho allow'd by the most Eminent Phylicians to be Ingenious Men.) This is therefore to give Notice, that One of great Practice, and very large Experience, having some Years fince found out admirable Medicines, that in a few Days always did, and affuredly ever will, without Delay, fafely Cure and stop any such Weakness, &c. tho' of many Years standing, so as never to return again; has now for the Sake of those unfortunate Persons, that are satigued with that troublesome and mischievous Disorder, and have spent perhaps many Pounds to get eur'd, but in vain, appointed the abovemention'd Excellent Medicines, establish'd upon Reason, and always successful Experience, and which will absolutely compleat the Cure, fo as not to break out again; to be Sold only at Mr. Salkeld's, at the Blue-Pofts, next Door to Mr. Tonjon's Printing House, in Earls Court in Bow Street, near Coveni Garden - At a Guinea the Parcel, feal'd up with a little Book of Directions; wherein are also set down plain Rules, whereby any Perfon may certainly know whether the Venom or Malignancy of this Distemper, be entirely eradicated or 10°

THE only Real and truly. Beautifying Cream for the Face, Neck, and Hands, which to Admitation, and indeed Surprife, takes away Freekles, Wrinkles, Spots, Pimples, Roughness, Morphew, Scurf, Yellowness, Sunburning, Gc. rendering the Skin Transcendantly, Fair, Plump, Smooth and Delicately Beautiful, tho' before ever so foul, discolour'd, wither'd or wrinkled. It's so perfect a Beautifier, and fo exceedingly nourithes the Skin, that nothing can exceed it; tis as safe and Harmless as common Cream, and its Effects are fo certain, and its Ufe fo neat, and its Scent fo very pretty and delightful (differe from all that bear that Name) that it hat gained Universal Esteem among Persons as the best Distinction and nicest Judgmen o sold only at the Golden Key in Wartotsf Court near Holborn Bars, at 2 s. 6 d. n. Gallipot with Directions; where may bs had the best and most pleasant Teeth Pow-a der certainly in the World, for whiteninge and faftning the Teeth, and preferving them and the Gums from decay, and confequently curing an unfavory Breath, proceeding from Foulness, Rottenness or Scurvy, in the Gums, Price 2 s. 6d. a Box with Directi-(3) 1 Nflant Cure for Diseases of the Nerves,

Nitant Cure for Dieales of the Nerves, whether Palfical, Convullive, Trembling, Contradions, Relaxations, Weaknefs, Numbnefs, Coldnefs or the like; by a Cephalick Tindure, whose Effects are really Wonderful, not to be believ'd, but by those that have taken it, be the Disease from whatsoever Cause, or seated in any particular particular part, as Head, Back, Limbs, or whole Body; to be had for 38.6d. the Bottle, with Directions, at the Golden Key in Warrons Court near Holeborn Bars.

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